A PROCESS REFRACTOMETER FOR CONCENTRATION MEASUREMENT OF LIQUIDS
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

CHEMICALS
Acetic acid, Acrylate, Amine oxide, Amino acid, Ammonium fluoride, Ammonium hydroxide, Ammonium nitrate, Ammonium sulphate, Caustic soda, Cellulose derivates, Citric acid, Copper chloride, Chromium trioxide (or Chromic acid), Ethylene glycol, Formaldehyde, Formic acid, Glycerol, Hydrogen peroxide, Iron chloride, Lactic acid, Lubricating oils, Nickel chloride, Nitric acid, Oleum, Polyamides, Polycarbonates, Polyethylene, Resins, Sodium bicarbonate, Sodium dichromate, Sodium gluconate, Sodium hydroxide, Styrenes, Sulphuric acid, Urea, etc.

PLASTICS AND FIBERS

PULP AND PAPER INDUSTRY
Alum, Black liquor, CMC, Latex, Sizing chemicals and binders, Starch, PVA, Retention chemicals.

SALTS AND SODIUM COMPOUNDS
Brine, Glauber’s salt, Sodium carbonate, Sodium chloride, Sodium sulfite, etc.

SOAP AND DETERGENTS
Fatty acids, Fatty alcohols, Caustic potash, Caustic soda, Glycerol, Salt, Soda ash, Sodium bicarbonate

STARCH SWEETENERS
Fructose, high fructose corn syrup, sorbitol, dextrose, glucose, xylene, maltose, mannitol, lactitol, aspartame, flavors. Supersaturation and seeding point control of fructose and dextrose syrups, cooling crystallizer, precrystallizer, main crystallizer.

SUGAR
Sucrose, affination, extraction, press water, thick juice, thin juice, vacuum pan, molasses, mother liquor. Supersaturation and seeding point control, cooling crystallizer, precrystallizer, main crystallizer.
K-Patents Process Refractometer PR-23-GP sensor is factory calibrated to measure refractive index $n_D$ and temperature $T$ in standard units. Each sensor has identical calibration $n_D = 1.32...1.53$ (corresponding to 0-100 Brix). One or two sensors can be connected to one Indicating transmitter. Because the PR-23 sensors have identical calibration, and each sensor gives Refractive Index $n_D$ and temperature as output, all sensors can be freely interchanged without any inconvenience of optical calibration or parameter changes.

The non-linear conversion from refractive index to concentration units and also temperature compensation are based on standard tables. They are programmed inside the transmitter independently of the sensor.

K-Patents’ manufacturing process is ISO 9001 certified. K-Patents also supports the verification within the user’s own quality system.

Each sensor is provided with a calibration certificate comparing a set of standard liquids to the actual sensor output. Therefore, the calibration and accuracy can be easily verified on-site with the certified refractive index liquids and K-Patents documented verification procedure.
DIGITAL MEASUREMENT PRINCIPLE

The light source sends light against the interface between a prism and the process solution, where the rays meet the surface at different angles.

The angle corresponding to the shadow line is called the Critical Angle of Total Reflection. The Critical Angle is a function of the refractive index and therefore the concentration of the solution.

The light source sends light against the interface between a prism and the process solution, where the rays meet the surface at different angles.

Depending on the angle, some rays are totally reflected. And, some rays are only partially reflected, most of the light is refracted into the process solution.

A digital CCD-camera detects the optical image and the shadow line. The camera transforms the optical image point-by-point to an electrical signal. The exact shadow line position is located and the refractive index \( n_D \) is determined.

A built-in temperature sensor measures the temperature \( T \) on the interface of the process liquid. The indicating transmitter converts the refractive index \( n_D \) and temperature \( T \) to concentration units.

Thus an optical image with a dark sector and a light sector is created.

The diagnostics program ensures that the measurement is reliable.

DATA LOGGING VIA ETHERNET

K-Patents PR-23-GP includes an Ethernet based communications solution which allows connection to computer networks (LAN) and to the Internet. Real-time measurement data and diagnostic information may be obtained through this interface, and this makes it also a valuable service tool for parameter changes and software updates.

Only a cross-over cable and data acquisition software are needed for collecting the data from a PR-23 refractometer. The communication is built on standard protocols (UDP/IP) and K-Patents offers ready-to-install software for data acquisition.

The K-Patents data acquisition software is expandable in case the user wants to modify the program. The program is written in Java and thus system independent. It can be tailored to almost any computing environment.
**CORE-Optics**

All measuring components (light source, prism, temperature sensor and CCD-camera) are in one solid CORE-optics module.

The patented CORE-optics is mechanically isolated from the influence of external forces and vibrations. The CORE-optics contains no mechanical adjustments.

(US Patent No. 6067151)
Refractive index range: Standard: Full range, \( n_D = 1.3200 \ldots 1.5300 \) (corresponds to 0...100 % b.w.)

Accuracy:
Refractive index \( n_D \pm 0.0002 \) (corresponds typically to \( \pm 0.1\% \) by weight)
Repeatability \( n_D \pm 0.0001 \) (corresponds typically to \( \pm 0.05\% \) by weight)

Speed of response:
1 s undamped, damping time selectable up to 5 min

Calibration:
With Cargille standard R.I. liquids over full range of \( n_D = 1.3200 \ldots 1.5300 \)

CORE-Optics:
No mechanical adjustments (US Patent No. US6067151)

Digital measurement:
3648 pixel CCD element

Light source:
Light emitting diode (LED), 589 nm wavelength, sodium D-line

Temperature sensor:
Built-in Pt-1000, linearization according to IEC 751

Temperature compensation:
Automatic, digital compensation

Instrument verification:
According to ISO 9000 quality system: with standard R.I. liquids and Transmitter's menu guided procedure

Ambient temperature:
Sensor: max. 45°C (113°F), min. -20°C (-4°F)
Indicating transmitter: max. 50°C (122°F), min. 0°C (32°F)

SENSOR PR-23-GP:

Process connection:
Sandvik L clamp 88 mm/DIN-flange 2656, PN40 DN80/ANSI-flange 150 lbs, 3 inch/JIS-flange 10k 80A/Line sizes less than 2" via Pipe flowcell

Process pressure:
up to 25 bar (350 psi)

Process temperature:
-20°C...150°C (-4°F...302°F)

Process wetted parts, standard:
AISI 316L stainless steel, prism spinel, prism gaskets PTFE (teflon)

Sensor protection class:
IP67, Nema 4X

Sensor weight:
Sandvik clamp 3.8 kg (8.4 lbs), Flange DIN/ANSI/JIS 6.6 kg (14.1 lbs)

INDICATING TRANSMITTER DTR:

Display:
320x240 pixel graphical LCD with LED backlight

Keypad:
18 membrane keys

Current output:
Two independent current outputs, 4-20 mA, max. load 1000 Ohm, galvanic isolation 1500 VDC or AC (peak), hold function during prism wash

Ethernet connection:
10/100 Mbit/s, data acquisition over UDP/IP Protocol with K-Patents PR-11111 data logging software

Power:
AC input 100-240 VAC/50-60 Hz, optional 24 VDC, 30 VA

Alarms/Wash relays:
Two built-in signal relays, max. 250 V/3 A

Sensor connectivity:
One or two sensors can be connected to the DTR. Sensors independent of each other: own parameter sets and usable in different applications. Two current outputs configurable independently to indicate process concentration or temperature of either sensor.

Transmitter protection class:
Enclosure IP66, Nema 4X

Indicating transmitter weight:
4.5 kg (10 lbs)

INTERCONNECTING CABLE:
IEC 61158-2 compliant two-wire cable
Interconnecting cable length:
Standard 10 m (33 ft), max. 200 m (660 ft)

OPTIONS:
Stainless steel sensor housing, prism wash, intrinsic safety and hazardous area approvals, cable fittings to the indicating transmitter: European cable glands M20x1.5 or US conduit hubs

ORDERING INFORMATION:
- Sensor type and process connection
- Desired scale
- Properties of process solution
- Process temperature range
- Process pipe size
- Process flow rate
- Supply voltage and frequency
- Options and accessories

We reserve right to technical alterations.